

ZIP CODE DATABASE

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

There are two versions of our ZIP Code database: Standard and Premium. The only difference between the two is how Latitude & Longitude is derived (shape-based vs. population-based).

Data Fields:

Field	Type / Size	Description
ZIPCode	Integer	5-digit ZIP Code
State	String (2)	State Abbreviation ¹
City	String (30)	Preferred City Name
County	String (30)	County Name
Latitude	Decimal (18,6)	The coordinates of our Standard product are the approximate
		graphical center of a Zip Code shape (shape-based). The coordinates of our Premium product use population density (population-based).
Longitude	Decimal (18,6)	Same as Latitude except it should be noted that most U.S. Longitudes
		are negative numbers. The exceptions are some U.S. territories in the
		Pacific that are past the International Date Line.
Population	Integer	The very latest population count from the Census Bureau. Updated
		annually. On non-census years, updates are statistical estimates. ZIP
		Codes with a zero population are usually P.O. Boxes, military,
		unique/private organizations, industrial areas, or those that were
		created after census counts were taken.
AreaCode	Integer	Telephone area code for a ZIP Code ²
StateFIPS	Integer	2-digit State FIPS Code
CountyFIPS	Integer	3-digit County FIPS Code
MSACode	Integer	4-digit MSA Code (Metropolitan Statistical Area). ZIP Codes in rural
		areas will not have an MSA code. ¹
TimeZone	Integer	Number of hours from Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) (formerly
		GMT). Western hemisphere records are negative (exam5 is Eastern
		Standard Time).
DST	String (1)	1-character (Y/N) Daylight Savings Time Flag. 'Y' = observes Daylight
		Savings Time.
ZIPClass	String (1)	USPS ZIP Code classification:
		 (blank) – Standard ZIP Code for a general area
		M – Military APO / FPO
		P – PO Boxes
		 U – Unique to a single organization / private
AltCities	String(2000)	City names that the USPS considers acceptable for each ZIP Code but
		not their 'preferred' City (The USPS preferred city is in the City field).
		Pipe delimited.
USPSKey	String (12)	A unique key that combines the 5-digit ZIP Code with the 6-digit
		CityState key used by the USPS (the two are separated by a hyphen).
		Both correlate to other official USPS databases.



ADDITIONAL FILES

The following are free files to supplement your purchase. These are available at https://greatdata.com/product/supplement (login required).

- states.csv: list of U.S. and Canadian state and province abbreviations and names along with the country abbreviation. Includes all U.S. territories (Guam, U.S. Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, etc.).
- msa-list.csv: This is the master list of MSA codes. It contains the code, type (MSA, PMSA, or CMSA) and the name of the metropolitan area.
- cmsa-all.csv: This is a master list of all PMSAs within a CMSA.

MSAs, CMSAs and PMSAs are defined by the U.S. Office of Management & Budget (OMB). The definitions are often obscure, but an MSA usually includes one city with 50,000 or more inhabitants and the county which the city falls within. It can also include nearby counties if they are within commuting distance. A CMSA is a Consolidated MSA. It will contain a larger area where the combined population is one million or more people. If an area falls within the CMSA, then the individual cities comprise PMSAs (Primary MSAs). For instance, Abilene, Texas has a population of about 124,000 and is MSA code 0040. Akron, Ohio is PMSA 0080 because it is part of the Cleveland-Akron CMSA (1692). We do not use CMSA codes in our data, just the PMSA, because the PMSA is the smaller unit and more precise. Please refer to the cmsa-all.csv file for a list of all PMSAs in a CMSA.

¹ Includes free supplemental file containing full names or extended data that correspond to codes or abbreviations found in product file (see Additional Files section above)

² Primary area code for a ZIP Code. Note: our Multiple Area Codes per ZIP Code product contains all.